

**Ehsan Abdalla, DVM, MSc (Hons) (Vet PATH), MSc & PhD
(Epidemiology and Risk Analysis)
Associate Professor of Epidemiology
Department of Graduate Public Health, College of Veterinary Medicine
Faculty Senate Chair
Community Engagement Core Co-Lead
Tuskegee University Biomedical Research/Research
Centers in Minority Institutions (TU CBR/RCMI)**

Dr. Ehsan Abdalla is an Associate Professor of Epidemiology/Public Health in the Department of Graduate Public Health, College of Veterinary Medicine, at Tuskegee University and serves as Chair of the Tuskegee University Faculty Senate. She also serves as Co-Lead of the Community Engagement Core for the Tuskegee University Center for Biomedical Research/Research Centers in Minority Institutions (TU CBR/RCMI).

Dr. Abdalla has extensive expertise in epidemiology, risk analysis, geographic information systems (GIS), statistics, and health disparities. Her research focuses on computational and community-based epidemiology, with particular emphasis on HPV and HPV-related cancers, especially cervical cancer, as well as infectious diseases, HIV/AIDS, obesity, aging, and zoonotic diseases.

Dr. Abdalla has been a member of TU RCMI since 2009 and has extensive experience in community engagement and collaborative research addressing health disparities and disease prevention. Her work involves partnerships with public health agencies, healthcare organizations, community-based organizations, and other community stakeholders.

She has served as Principal Investigator and Co-Principal Investigator on federally funded research supported by agencies including the NIH, USDA, and HHS, with collaborative projects involving Tuskegee University and institutions such as the University of Alabama at Birmingham, Purdue University, and Yale University.

Her current research focuses particularly on community-based approaches to HPV prevention, cervical cancer screening, and reducing health disparities in Alabama. Her work is grounded in community engagement, interdisciplinary collaboration, and evidence-based approaches to improving health outcomes.